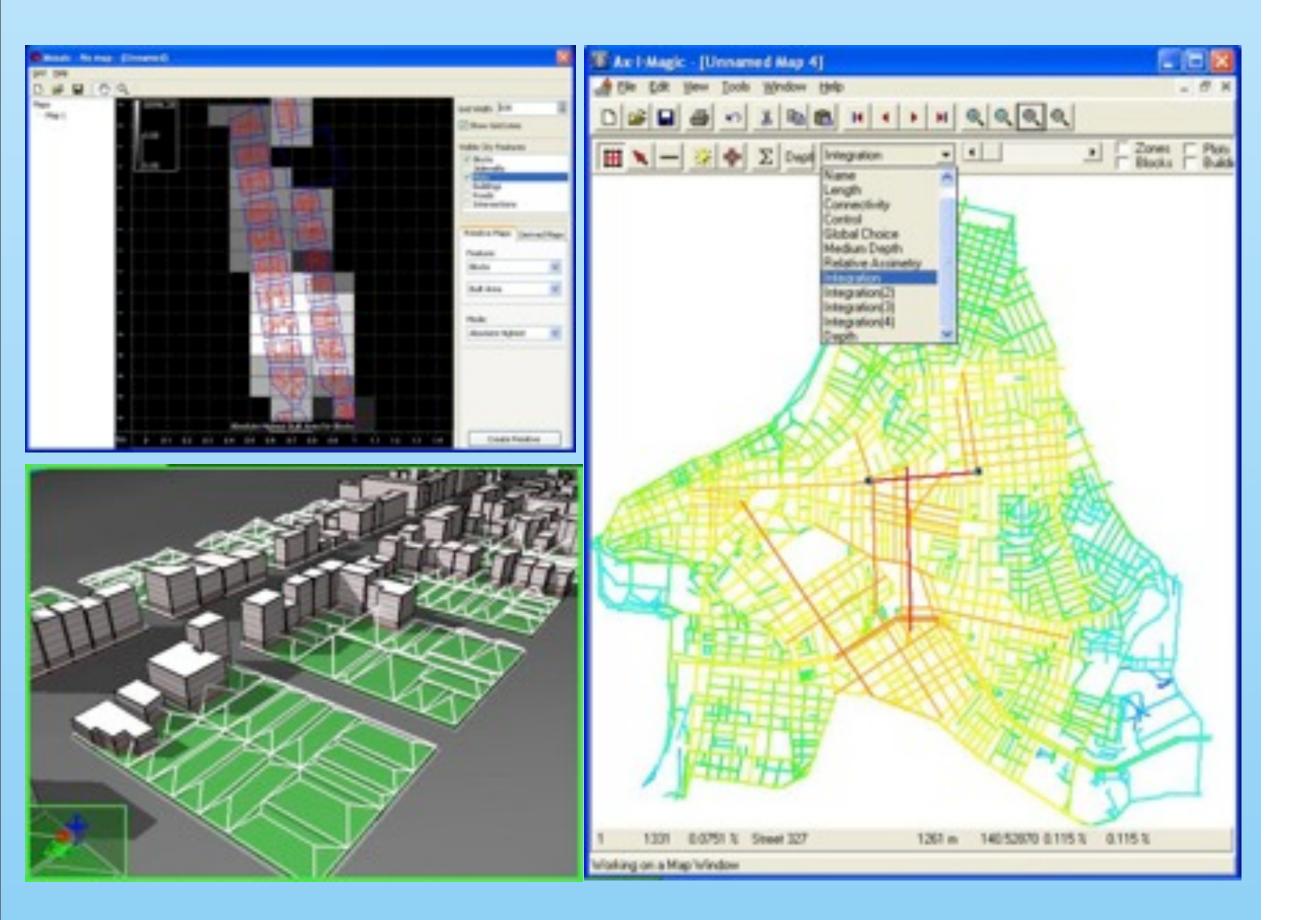


Evidence based design:

- Evidence based design knowledge by planners
- Generative design by expert knowledge
- not transparent and transferable
- Application to urban blueprint plan and verification

Autodesk Ecotect



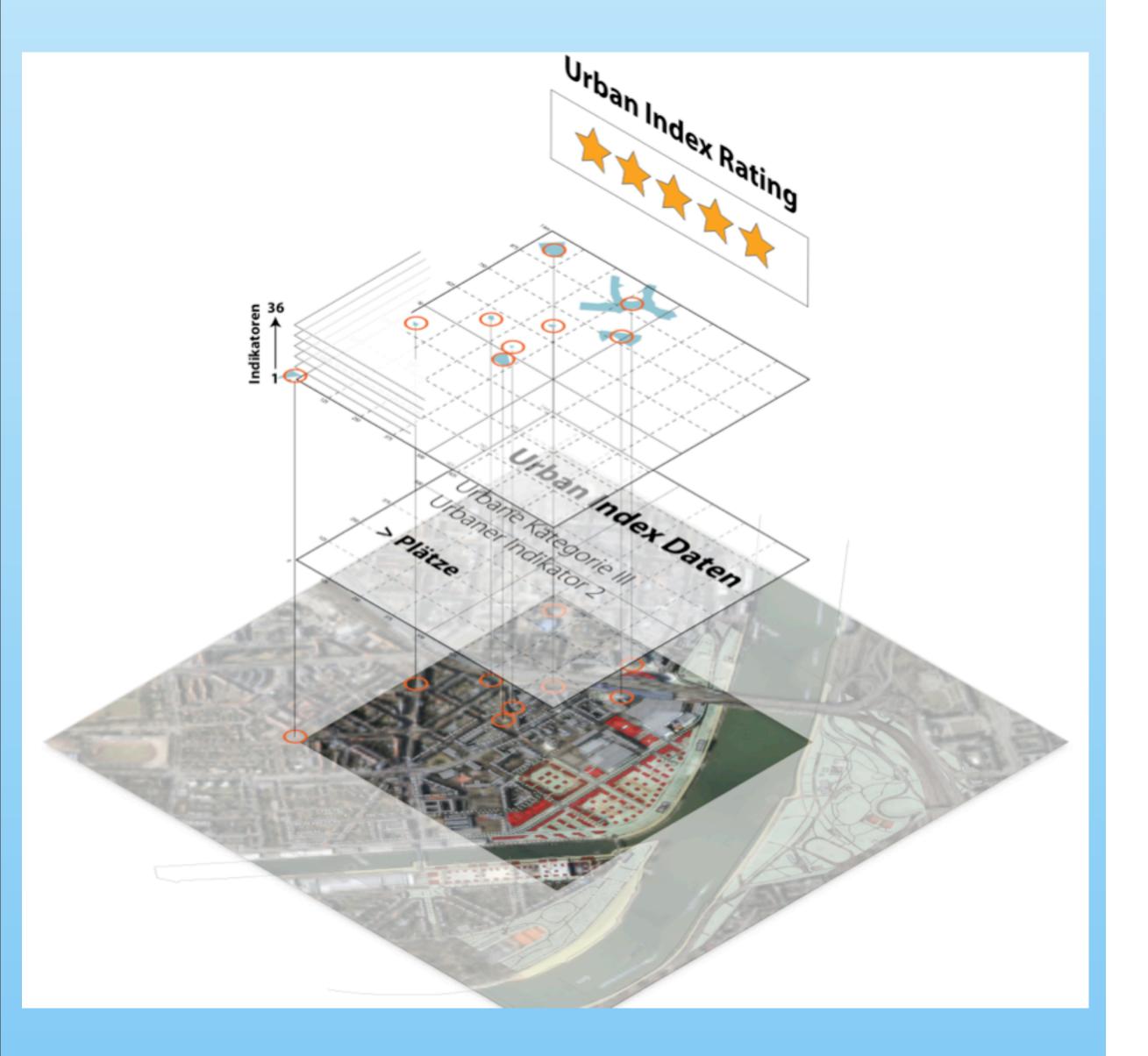


Performative urban design

- Analytical survey of planning area by experts
- On-Site collection of relevant information
- Evaluation with simulation tools
- Survey criteria serve as performance indicators
- Results are site specific

CityZoom, Benamy Turkenicz





Participative Design

- Workshops with stakeholders for proposal evaluation
- Design goal communication
- Design benchmark validation
- Design guidelines

General: Increase of the design acceptance



Urban Design Synthesis



2050: Growth scenario for Porto Alegre, Brasil Halatsch et al. (2010)

SITE ANALYSIS

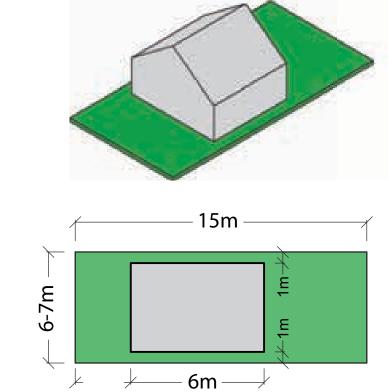


RESIDENCIAL DE BAIXA RENDA | LOW INCOME RESIDENTIAL





Exemplo: Vila Farrapos

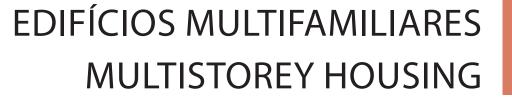




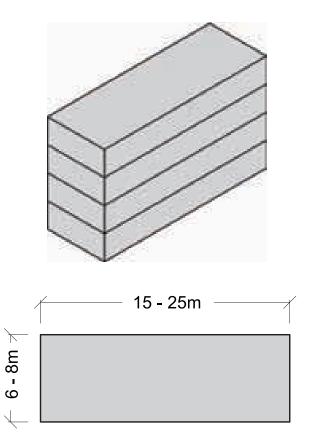


RESIDENCIAL DE MÉDIA BAIXA RENDA | LOW MIDDLE INCOME RESIDENTIAL











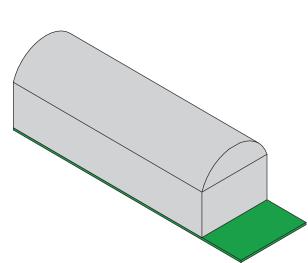




INDÚSTRIAS | INDUSTRY

GALPÕES INDUSTRIAIS - GRANDES e PEQUENOS/MÉDIOS INDUSTRIAL WAREHOUSES - LARGE e SMALL/MEDIUM

Exemplo: Indústria Pequena/Média Bairro São João









COMÉRCIO | RETAIL

COMÉRCIO **RETAIL**

RUA COMERCIAL

Exemplo: Rua dos Andradas



SHOPPING CENTER COMMERCIAL STREET SHOPPING MALL

> Exemplo: Praia de Belas

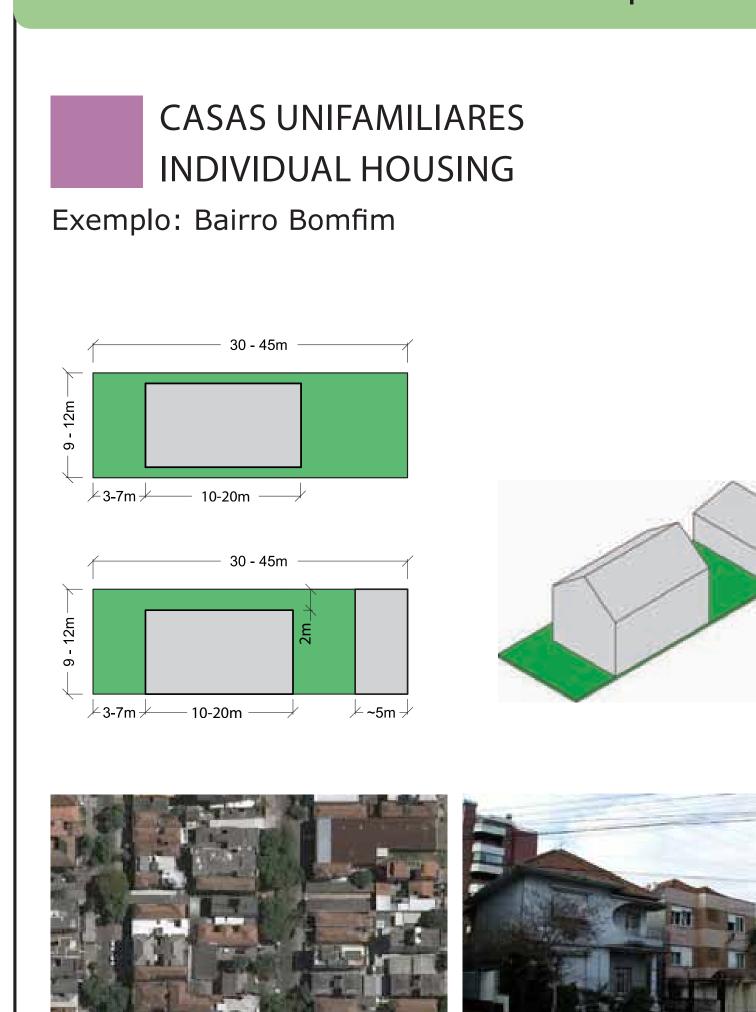


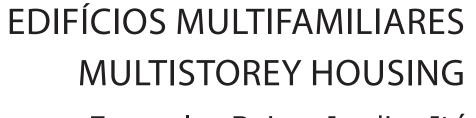
Exemplo: Brique da Redenção



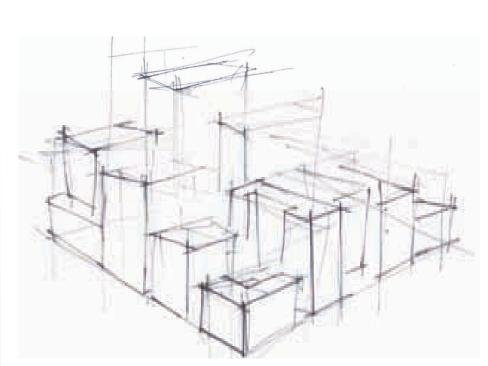


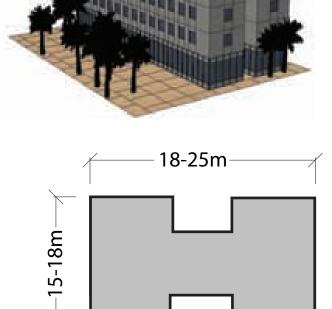
RESIDENCIAL DE MÉDIA RENDA | MIDDLE INCOME RESIDENTIAL















Traditional high density housing, Marrakech Medina José Duarte, TU Lisbon

DESIGN GRAMMARS



Grammars in general are used to describe and to alter 'strings' in a defined manner. The results are sequences of symbols that can represent e.g. human language, compiled code ready for the interpretation by an interpreter (computer science), production of architectural shapes and their layout (shape grammars).



Due to their nature grammars can be easily adapted to store:

- a) spatial configuration (geometry, network dependencies)
- b) meta data (population density, value, topology)



In computer science a formal grammar consists of:

- Set of start symbols / nonterminal symbols: N
- Set of alphabet / terminal symbols: Σ (disjoint from N)
- Set of production rules for transforming strings: P
- Language, resulting set of all strings: L



Generation of a string

Begins with a single start symbol (e.g. S)
Then successive application of the rules in P



Example 1

```
Start symbol / Nonterminal symbol: N= { S } Alphabet / Terminal symbols: \Sigma = \{a, b\} Rules: P = { Rule 1, Rule 2 }
```



Example 1

Rule 1: S --> aSb

Rule 2: S --> ba

Possible production:

S -->1: aSb -->1: aaSbb -->2: aababb.

Resulting set of all strings (language): L(G) = {ba, abab, aababb, aaababbb, ...}



Example 2

Possible productions:

S -->

2: abc

S -->

1: aBSc -->

2: aB**abc**c -->

3: a**aB**bcc -->

4: aabbcc

Rule 1. *S* --> *aBSc*

Rule 2. S --> abc

Rule 3. Ba --> aB

Rule 4. Bb --> bb



Example 2

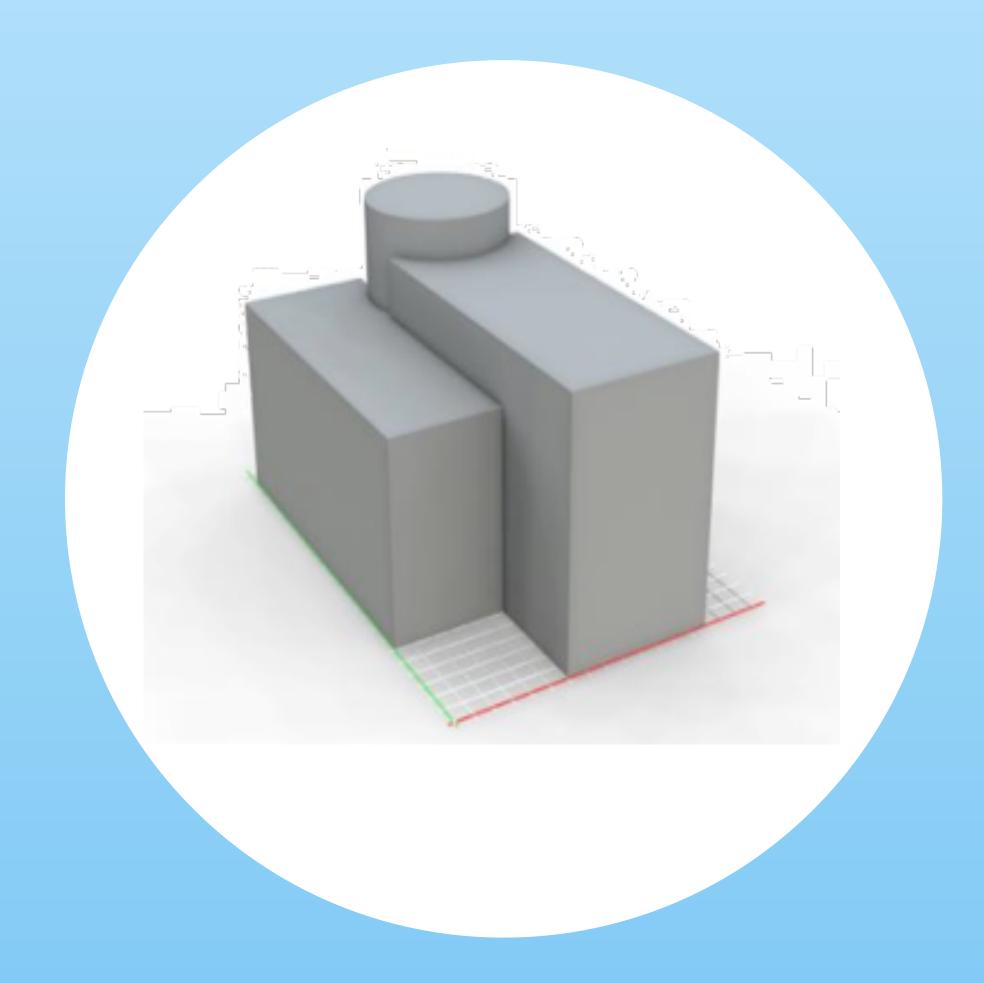
Resulting set of all strings (language): $L(G) = \{a^nb^nc^n \mid n \ge 1\}$



```
CityEngine's CGA Shape
G= { P, C, T, V, ω}
```

```
Start symbol / Axiom: \omega = \{ \text{Lot, Street, ...} \} Alphabet: V = \{ \text{variables, inbuilt functions, P} \} Rules: P = \{ \textbf{C, T, V, } \omega \} Constants: C = \{ \text{NIL, .} \} Terminals: T = \{ \text{I, C} \}
```





CGA SHAPE: OPERATIONS

Geometry Insertion: i(objld)

Transformations: t(tx,ty,tz), s(sx,sy,sz),

r(rx,ry,rz)

Branching: [...]

Simple example:

A -> [t(0,0,6) s(8,10,18) B] t(6,0,0) s(7,13,18) C t(0,0,16) s(8,15,8) i(cylinder) D

Pascal Müller ETH Zurich



B A A B } Floor (3.0m) B Ledge (0.3m) } GroundFloor (3.5m)

Pascal Müller ETH Zurich

CGA SHAPE: OPERATIONS

Example

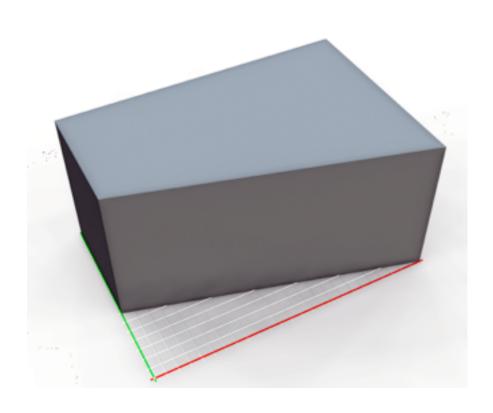
```
Facade -->
split(y){ 3.5: GroundFloor | 0.3: Ledge | { 3: Floor }* }
```

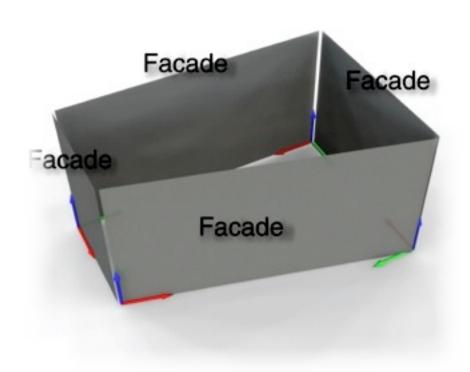


CGA SHAPE: OPERATIONS

Example

MassModel --> comp(f) { side: Facade }





Pascal Müller ETH Zurich



DESIGN PATTERNS

José Duarte, TU Lisbon

Digital Prototyping, high density housing, Marrakech Medina

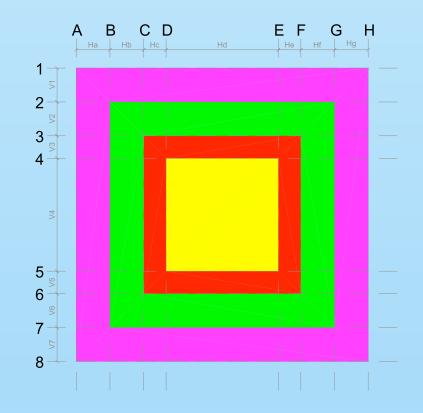


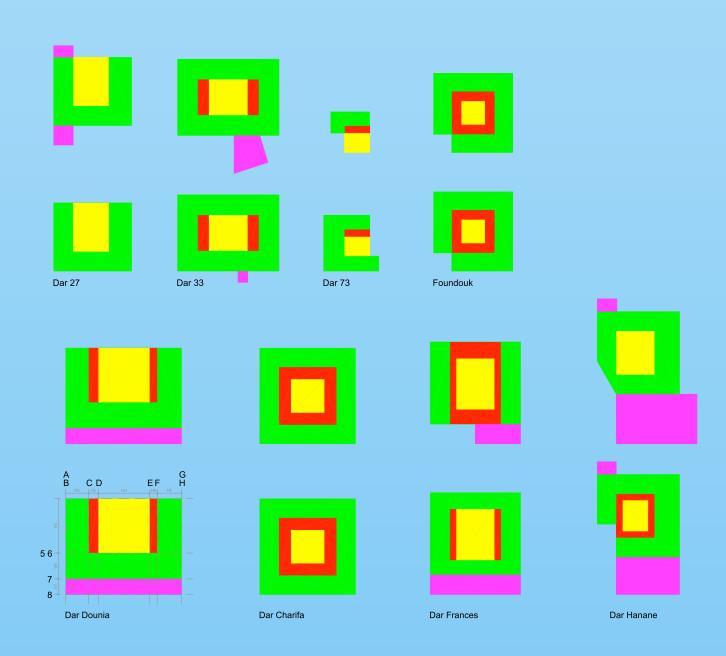
Н 72 3 8

José Duarte TU Lisbon

GENERIC BUILDING BLOCK PATTERN







José Duarte TU Lisbon

GENERIC BUILDING AND SPECIALIZATION



José Duarte TU Lisbon

DIGITAL MEDINA

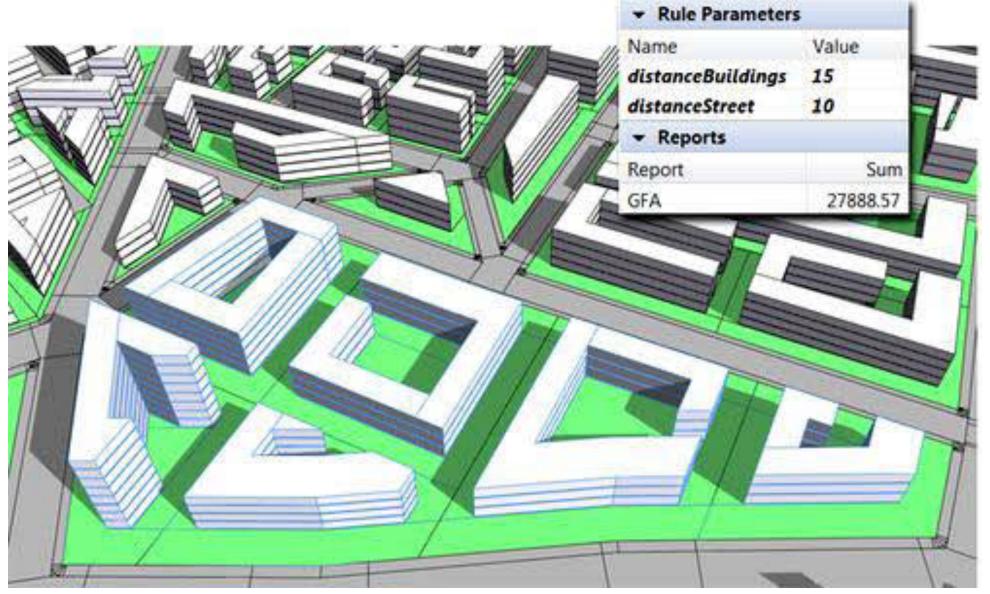


Pascal Müller, Jan Halatsch Procedural AG, ETH Zurich

DESIGN PATTERNS

Grammar Implementation CGA

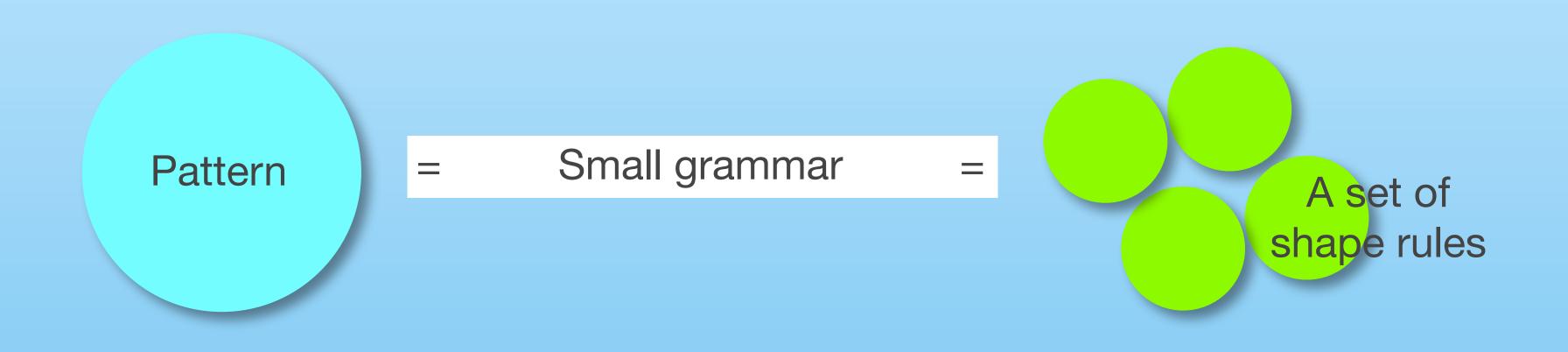
- Simple encoding of building patterns and facades
- Split Grammar
- Context sensitive conditions





PATTERN MODELLING

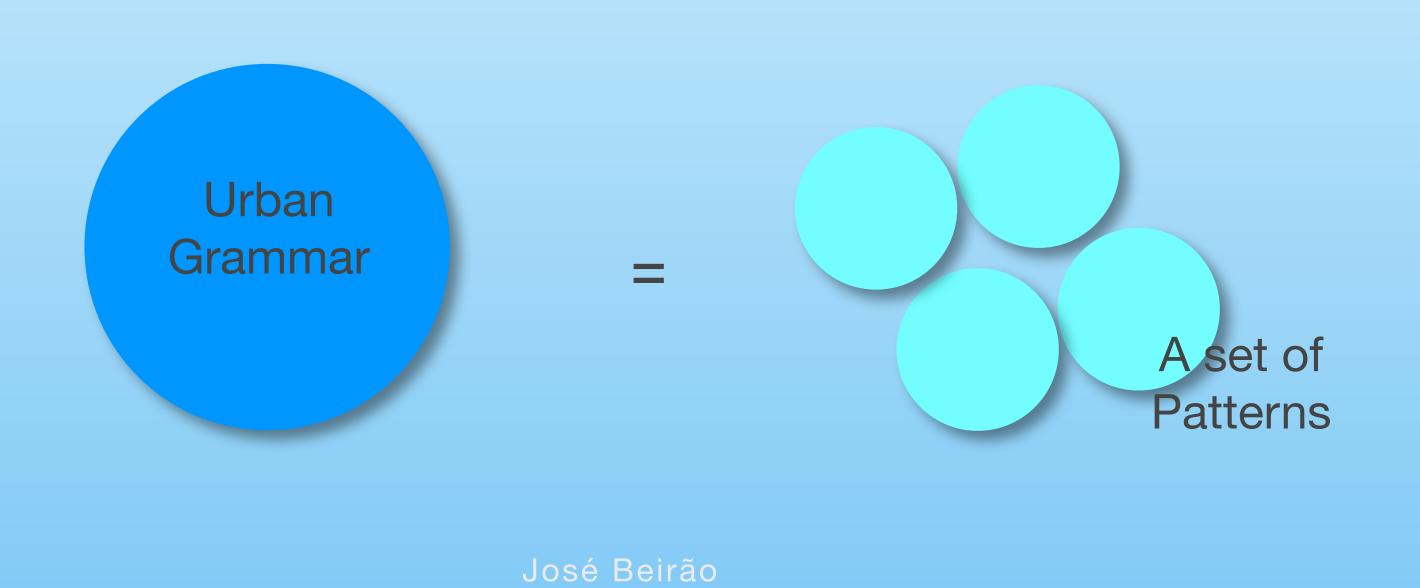
A pattern is a small grammar defined to produce results that satisfy the pattern's description.



José Beirão

TU Delft

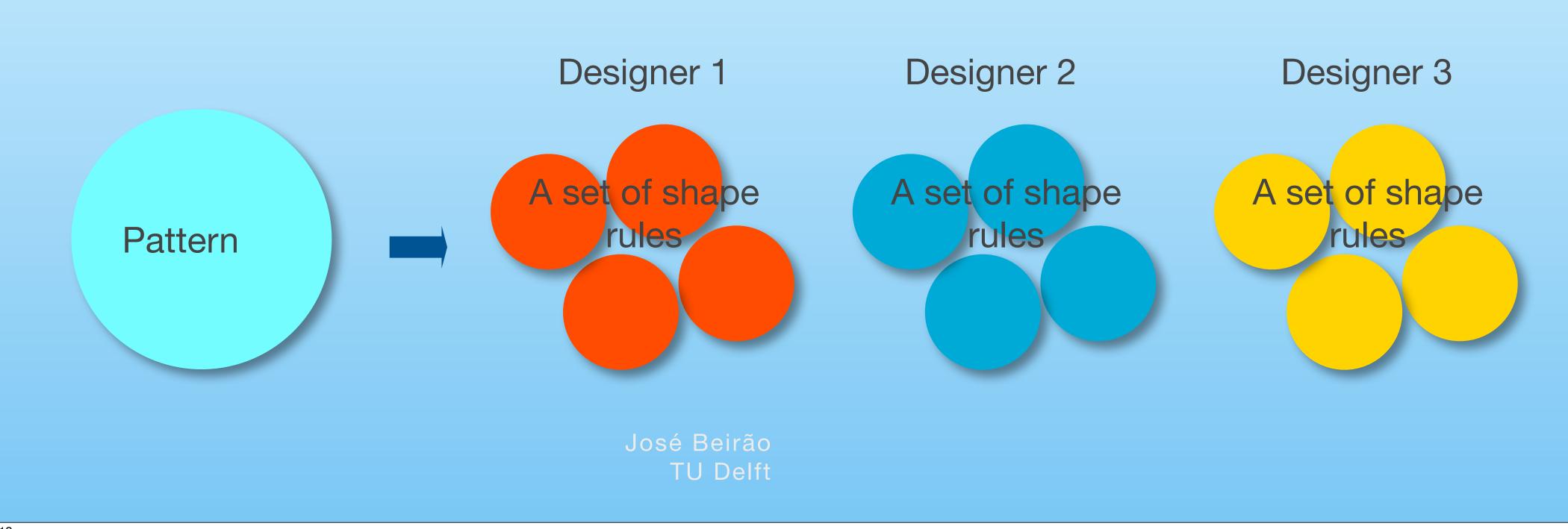
PATTERN MODELLING



TU Delft

PATTERN MODELLING

Each designer may have a different set of shape rules for interpreting a certain pattern.



SCALE CLASSIFICATION

City Region Zoning (Usage mix, Open Space) **Vegetation Patterns** Street graph generation **Street Patterns** (major, minor streets) (Avenues, Highways) District & Block Derivation Open Space **Vegetation Patterns** Lots, footprints Lot Opening Patterns of 3D Masses Building Facade Patterns derivation

> Jan Halatsch ETH Zurich



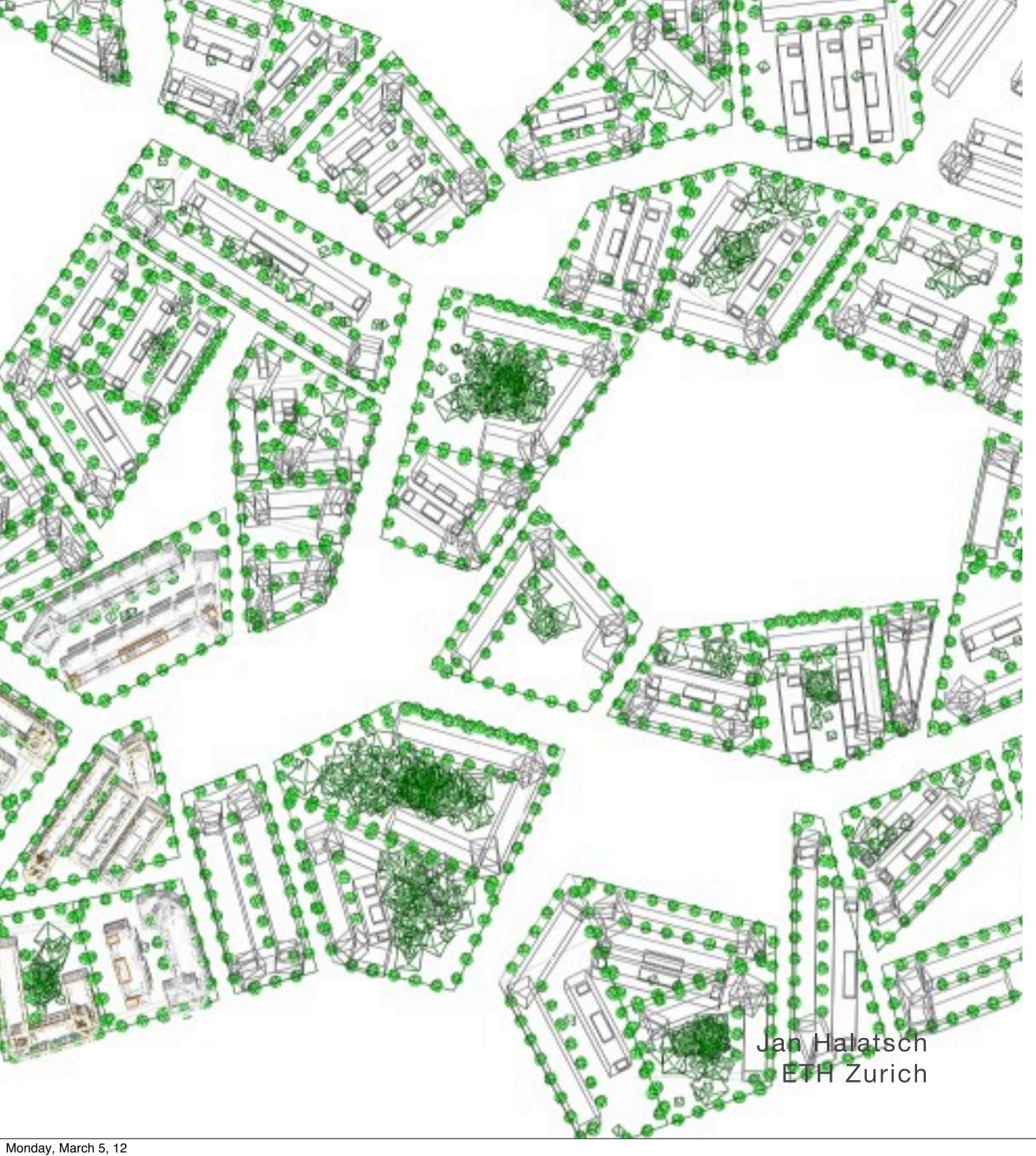
DESIGN PATTERNS

Patterns consist of 2D & 3D shape rule and offer inheritance and design variation

P₁₁₁ P₁₂ P_{11n} P_{lm} P_{km} City Level **Building Level** District / **Block Level**

> Jan Halatsch ETH Zurich





URBAN PATTERN EXAMPLE Open Space Generation





URBAN PATTERN EXAMPLE Open Space Generation



Procedural massing Size Lot area *12na Espansion area *5ha Reridable area *210000 m² Residential dentily *150 people/ha Working and *280 people/ha residential dentily tehabitants and communifest day/lime 3300 people Commercial/Refail Educational Residential Ught manufactering RAD labs Facts Lot area *12na Expansion area *5ha Reridable area *210000 m² Residential dentily tehabitants and residential dentily tehabitants and communifest day/lime 3300 people Commercial/Refail Educational Residential Ught manufactering RAD labs

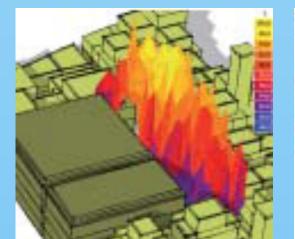
URBAN PLANNING EXAMPLES

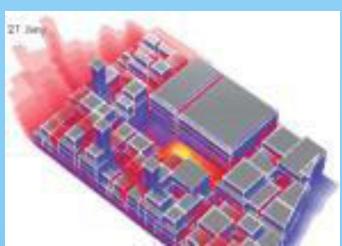
Masdar City, UAE

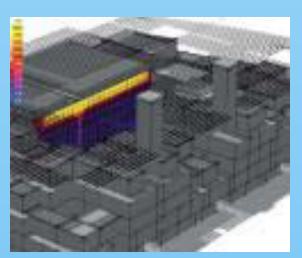


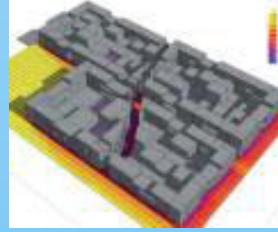












Jan Halatsch et al. ETH Zurich

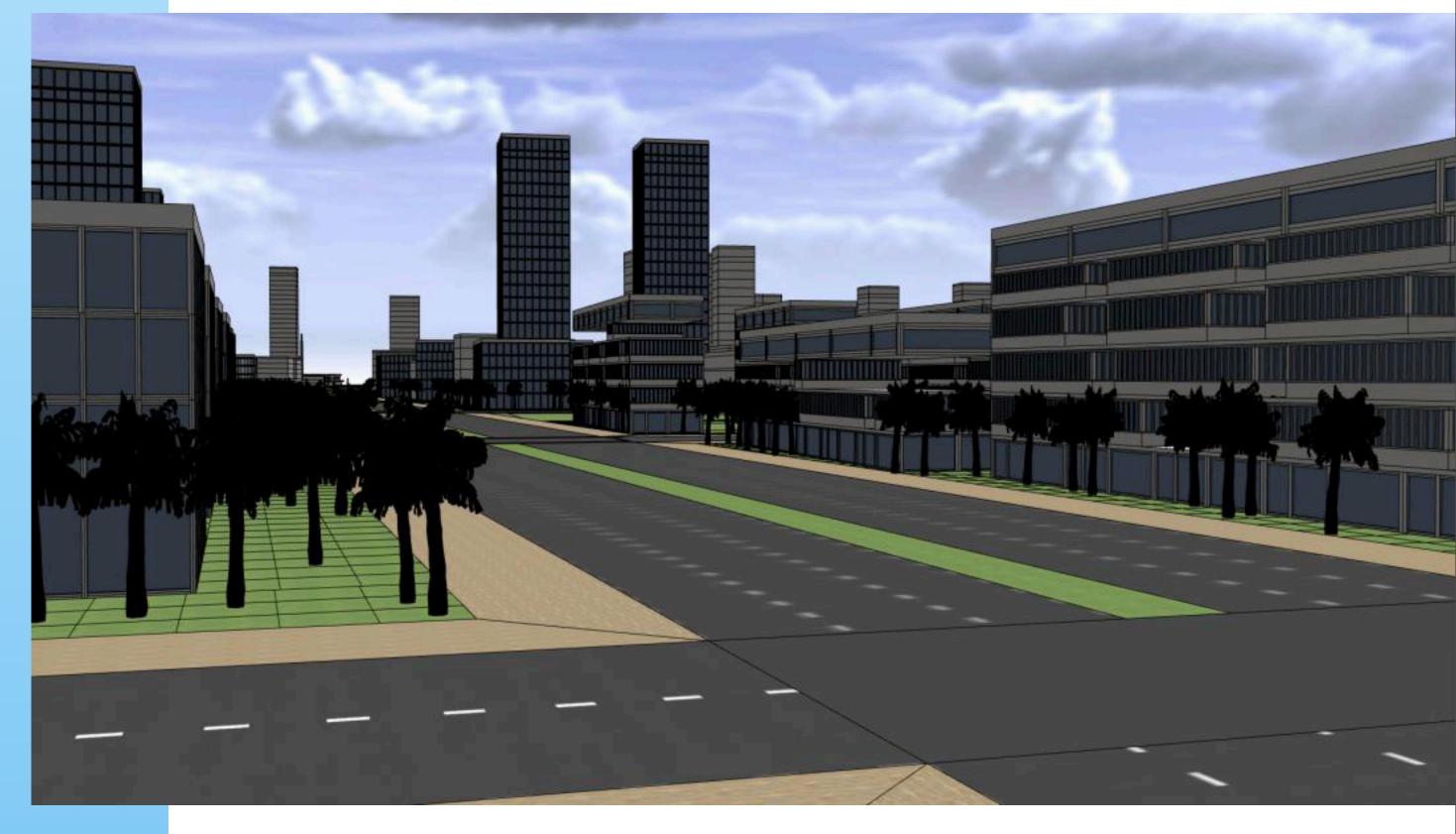




URBAN PLANNING EXAMPLES

Riad, Saudi Arabia





Foster + Partners

Jan Halatsch et al. ETH Zurich



URBAN PLANNING EXAMPLES

KACARE, Saudi Arabia







Foster + Partners

Jan Halatsch et al. ETH Zurich



Macare Meaning typologies: Mrd Durnity/quartnersts FAR: 182

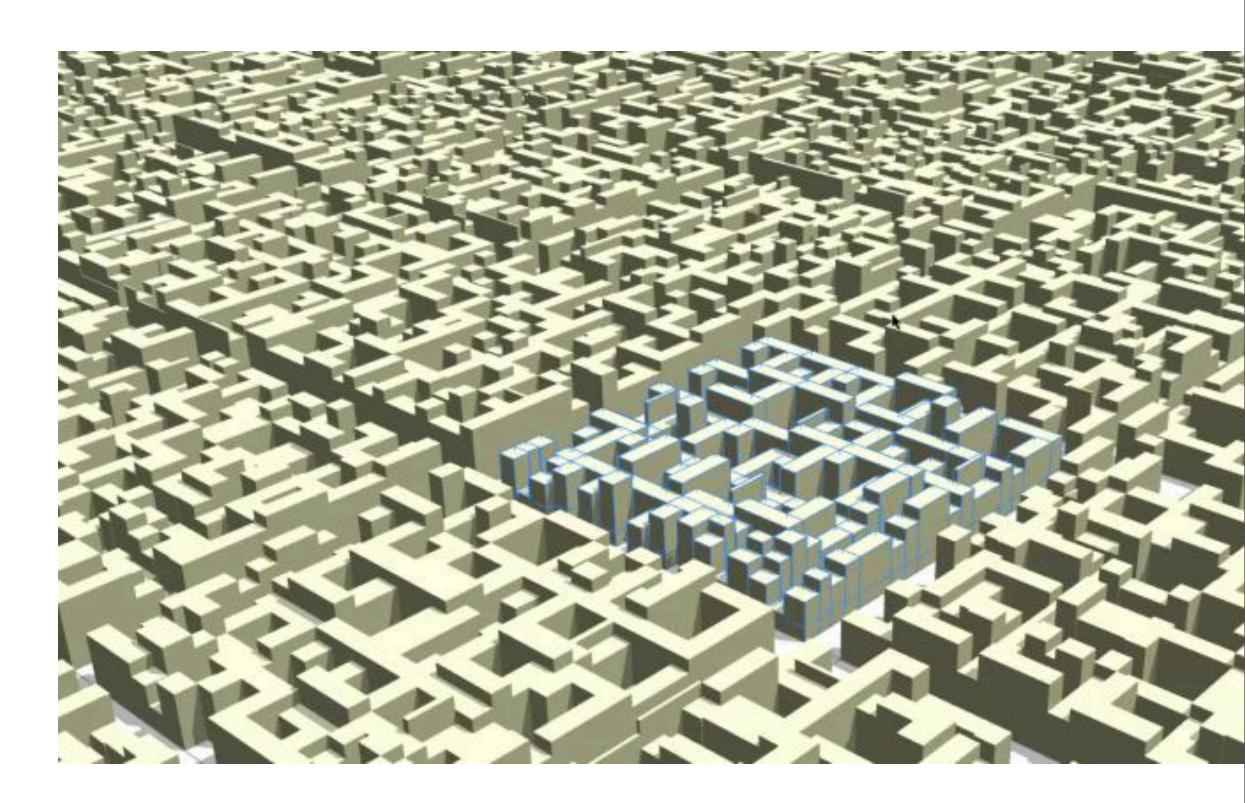


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URBAN PLANNING EXAMPLES

KACARE, Saudi Arabia

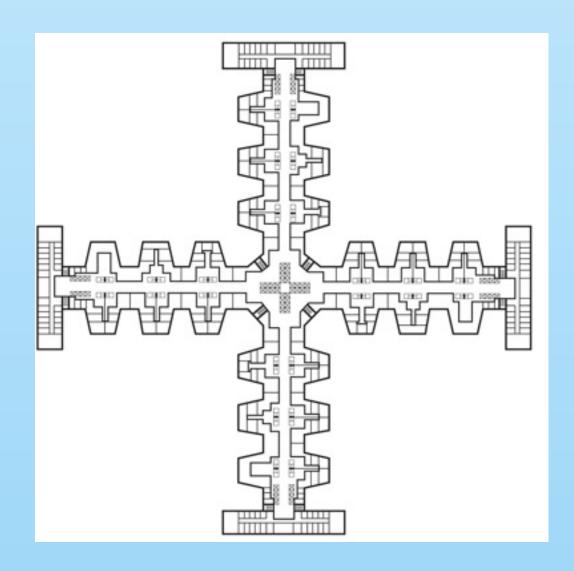


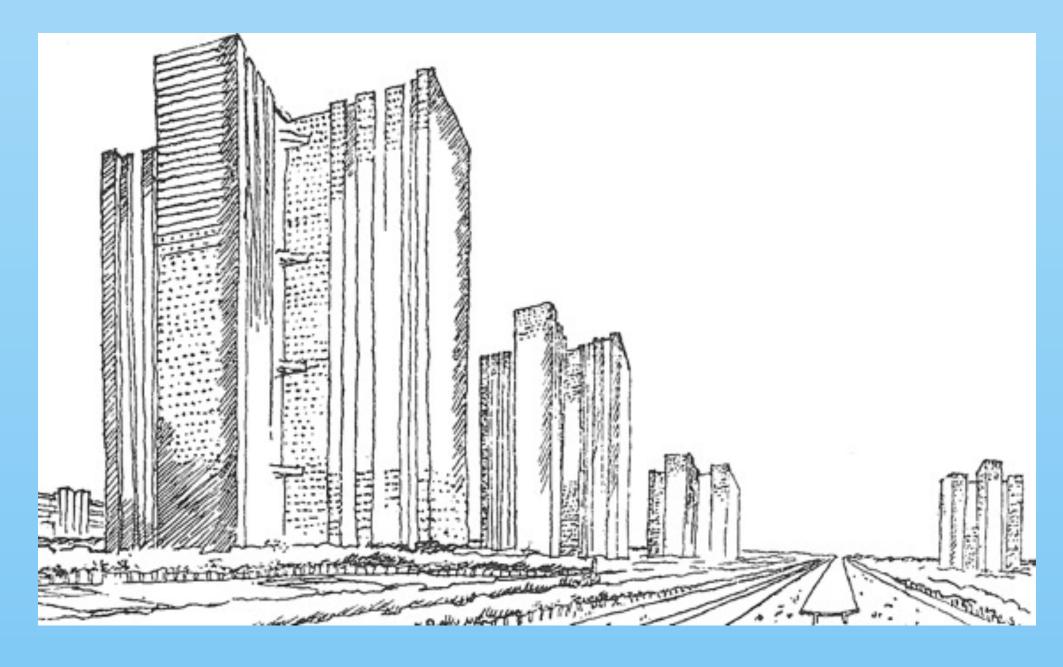


Procedural AG Zurich Monday, March 5, 12

ROME REBORN 2.0





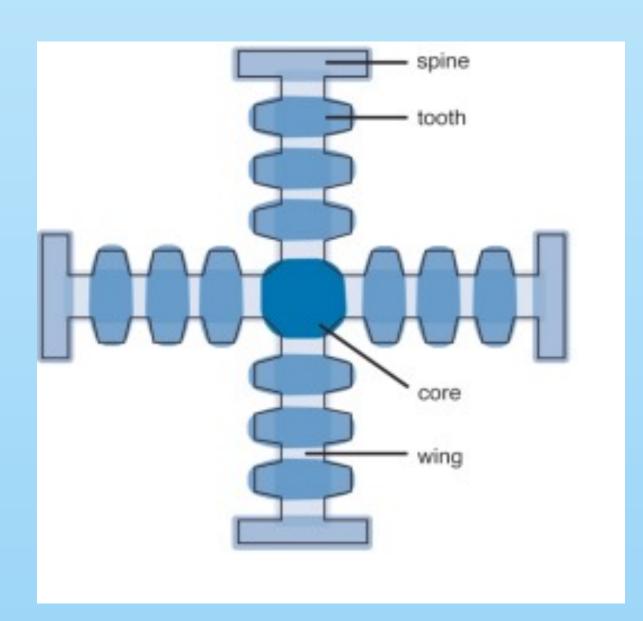


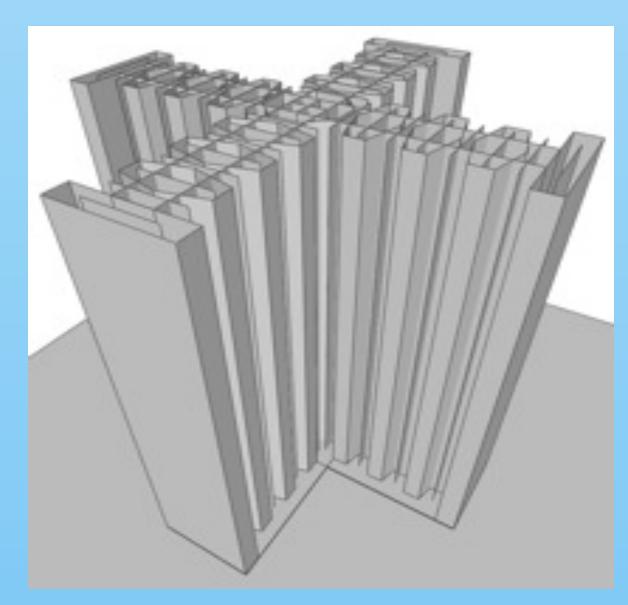
Jan Halatsch ETH Zurich

PARAMETERIZED PATTERNS

Example





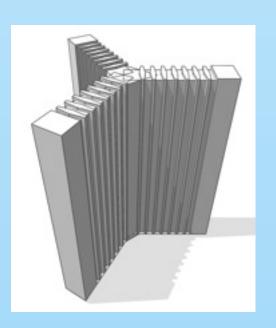


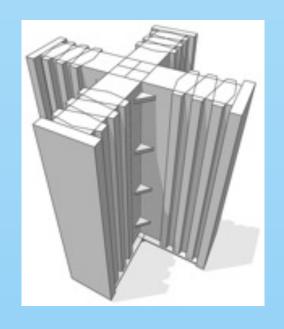
CONTROL ATTRIBUTES FOR VOLUME

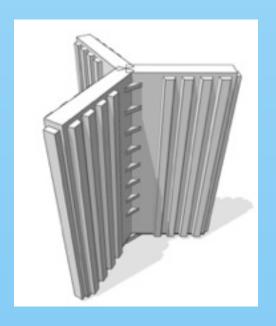
BUILDING_H = 220
BUILDING_W = 100
GROUNDFLOOR_H = 6
WING_W = 16
SPINE_W = 50
TEETH_PROJ = 10
TEETH_DIST = 12

Jan Halatsch ETH Zurich









Jan Halatsch ETH Zurich

PARAMETERIZED PATTERNS

Example





Jan Halatsch ETH Zurich

PARAMETERIZED PATTERNS

Example



Zurich 2110 Jan Halatsch, Matthias Buehler, ETH Zurich

VISUALIZATION PIPELINE



ArcMap CityEngine ArcScene Attributed 2D Data e.g. footprints with height attributes Output Attributed 3D Geometry with Textures o.g. textured footprint extrusions, attribute-driven detailed buildings or streets

Pascal Müller, Jan Halatsch Procedural AG, ETH Zurich

CLOUD-BASED RENDERING OF LARGE SCALE MODELS

City Models are hard to visualize

- (a) powerful computers for visualization
- (b) distributed computing ressources that feed information through web browsers

GIS based visualization

- (a) Geo information system with urban design and site data
- (b) CE for authoring design patterns
- (c) Spatial Analyst or Ecotect for evaluation
- (d) Cloud based renderer composites output





Following material from 2011 Siggraph Course

Modeling 3D Urban Spaces Using Procedural and Simulation-Based Techniques http://www.cs.purdue.edu/cgvlab/urban/ sg 2011 course/contents.html



